Memo: Co-discoverer of Bacitracin, died in Coral Gables, Florida. Noted for his many contributions to the understanding of surgical infections, Dr. Meleney became an instructor in surgery at P&S and established the Surgical Bacteriological Laboratory, where he developed methods of control for two hitherto fatal diseases, acute synergistic gangrene and chronic undermining ulcer. He was a leader in the development of chemotherapeutic and antibiotic control of infection. Attending surgeon at Presbyterian Hospital and professor of clinical surgery at P&S when he retired in June 1955. After his retirement Dr. Meleney organized a surgical bacteriology laboratory at Jackson Memorial Hospital in Miami. Author of numerous outstanding documents on surgical infections, including the book "Treatise on Surgical Infections," Dr. Meleney received in 1955 an honorary degree of Doctor of Science from Dartmouth College, where he did his undergraduate study. The accompanying citation read "Since Lister's time no surgeon has studied as intensively and has made so many original contributions to the bacteriology of infection and inflammation requiring surgical therapy."

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Reference: https://library-archives.cumc.columbia.edu/obit/frank-lamont-meleney